

**The Nazis: A Warning From History
Helped into Power (Episode 1)**

How many people died in WW2?	
Why did German troops think they had been "stabbed in the back"?	
How and why were the civilians suffering at the end of the war?	
What happened in Munich in April 1919? (key word: Räterepublik)	
Who were the Freikorps?	
How did they react to the Räterepublik?	
How did they justify their actions?	
Why did anti-Jewish feeling start to grow in Munich?	
Who was Ernst Röhm, and what did he believe in?	
What was Hitler's greatest talent?	
Why did the call for a "strong man" get louder?	
When did Hitler become leader of the Nazis?	
What was the central message of his party?	
Who was Hermann Goering, and why did he join the party?	
Who was Heinrich Himmler, and what did he believe in?	
When the French invaded the Ruhr, how did they treat the Germans?	
What happened when Hitler attempted to seize power on 9 th November 1923?	
Why was he only given 9 months in prison for his crimes?	
How did the Weimar government tackle the economic problems it faced?	
How did the Wandervögel movement oppose the "Weimar decadence"?	
How did Hitler use this movement for his own ends?	
Who were the Stormtroopers (SA) and what was their job?	
What percentage of Germans voted	

AGAINST Hitler in 1928?	
What images illustrate poverty among the working classes in the film?	
How and why were the middle classes affected by the Depression?	
What was the message of the communist anthem?	
What was the message of the Nazi anthem?	
What was the "Hitler over Germany" campaign (1932)? why was it effective?	
How does the documentary capture the charisma of "Hitler's gaze"?	
In his 1932 speech, does Hitler agree that Nazis are "un-German"?	
What percentage of the vote did the Nazis gain in July 1932?	
Why did Hindenburg refuse to appoint Hitler as chancellor in August 1932?	
Why did German businesspeople want Hitler to become Chancellor?	
In what ways was Nazi power declining towards the end of 1932?	
Who was von Papen, and what did he propose?	
When did Hitler become Chancellor, and what was von Papen's response?	
Why weren't the communists too bothered?	
Why weren't the Social Democrats too bothered?	
What was the response of General Ludendorff?	